From

The Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Haryana, Administration of Justice Department.

То

- 1. All the Administrative Secretaries in State of Haryana.
- 2. All the Head of Departments in State of Haryana.
- 3. The Director General of Police, Haryana, Panchkula.
- 4. All the Divisional Commissioners in State of Haryana.
- 5. All the Deputy Commissioners in State of Haryana.
- 6. All the District Magistrates in State of Haryana.

Memo No. 2/23/2024-5JJ (I)

Dated Chandigarh, the 9/12025

Subject: - Regarding timelines of various provisions of the Bhartiya Nagrik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 for compliance by the authorities/departments concerned.

The Bhartiya Nagrik Surksha Sanhita, 2023 has introduced various timelines for various authorities aimed at enhancing transparency, efficiency and ensuring time bound investigation. A list of such specific timelines provided in Bhartiya Nagrik Surksha Sanhita, 2023 is given in tabulated from hereunder: -

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
State	Government /	Centre Government, as the case may be.		
1.	Section 218(1) proviso	Prosecution of Judges and public servants. Provided further that such Government shall take a decision within a period of one hundred and twenty days from the date of the receipt of the request for sanction and in case it fails to do so, the sanction shall be deemed to have been accorded by such Government.	Within 120 days	All Departments of State Government
State	or the District	Legal Services Authority		
2.	Section 396 (5)	Victim compensation scheme. (5) On receipt of such recommendations or on the application under sub-section (4), the State or the District Legal Services Authority shall, after due enquiry award adequate compensation by completing the enquiry within two months.	Within 02 months	State or the District Legal Services Authority
Regis	stered Medical	Practitioner/Health Department		•
3.	Section 52(5)	Examination of person accused of rape by medical practitioner. (5) The registered medical practitioner shall, without any delay, forward the report to the investigating officer, who shall forward it to the Magistrate referred to in section 193 as part of the documents referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (6) of that section.	Without any delay	Registered Medical Practitioner/ Health Department
4.	Section 184(6)	Medical examination of victim of rape. (6) The registered medical practitioner shall, within a period of seven days forward the report to the investigating officer who shall forward it to the Magistrate referred to in section 193 as part of	Within 07 days	Registered Medical Practitioner/ Health Department

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
		the documents referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (6) of that section.		
lails	Department			
5.	Section 472(1)	Mercy petition in death sentence cases. (1) A convict under the sentence of death or his legal heir or any other relative may, if he has not already submitted a petition for mercy, file a mercy petition before the President of India under article 72 or the Governor of the State under article 161 of the Constitution within a period of thirty days from the date on which the Superintendent of the jail:- (i) informs him about the dismissal of the appeal, review or special leave to appeal by the Supreme Court; or (ii) informs him about the date of confirmation of the sentence of death by the High Court and the time allowed to file an appeal or special leave in the Supreme Court has expired.	Within 30 days	Jails Department
	Section 472(2)	(2) The petition under sub-section (1) may, initially be made to the Governor and on its rejection or disposal by the Governor, the petition shall be made to the President within a period of sixty days from the date of rejection or disposal of such petition.	Within 60 days	Jails Department
	Section 472(3)	(3) The Superintendent of the jail or officer in charge of the jail shall ensure, that every convict, in case there are more than one convict in a case, also files the mercy petition within a period of sixty days and on non-receipt of such petition from the other convicts, Superintendent of the jail shall send the names, addresses, copy of the record of the case and all other details of the case to the Central Government or the State Government for consideration along with the said mercy petition.	Within 60 days	Jails Department
	Section 472(4)	(4) The Central Government shall, on receipt of the mercy petition seek the comments of the State Government and consider the petition along with the records of the case and make recommendations to the President in this behalf, as expeditiously as possible, within a period of sixty days from the date of receipt of comments of the State Government and records from Superintendent of the Jail.	Within 60 days	Jails Department
6.	Section 157 proviso	Procedure where person against whom order is made under section 152 appears to show cause. Provided that the proceedings under this section shall be completed, as soon as possible, within a period of ninety days, which may be extended for the reasons to be recorded in writing, to one hundred and twenty days.	As soon as possible, within a period of 90 days / extendable upto 120 days (with reasons)	District Magistrate/ Executive Magistrate (specially empowered)

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
7.	Section 107 (7)	Attachment, forfeiture or restoration of property. (7) On receipt of an order passed under sub-section (6), the District Magistrate shall, within a period of sixty days distribute the proceeds of crime either by himself or authorise any officer subordinate to him to effect such distribution.	Within 60 days	District Magistrate or any officer subordinate authorized by him.
8.	Section 196 (6)	Inquiry by Magistrate into cause of death. (6) The Magistrate or the Executive Magistrate or the police officer holding an inquiry or investigation under sub-section (2) shall, within twenty-four hours of the death of a person, forward the body with a view to its being examined to the nearest Civil Surgeon or other qualified medical person appointed in this behalf by the State Government, unless it is not possible to do so for reasons to be recorded in writing	Witin 24 hours	Magistrate or Executive Magistrate or the police officer
Polic	1			
9.	Section 39 (3)	Arrest on refusal to give name and residence. (3) If the true name and residence of such person is not ascertained within twenty-four hours from the time of arrest or if he fails to execute the bond or bail bond, or, if so required, to furnish sufficient sureties, he shall forthwith be forwarded to the nearest Magistrate having jurisdiction.	Within 24 hours	Police
10.	Section 40	Arrest by private person and procedure on such arrest. (1) Any private person may arrest or cause to be arrested any person who in his presence commits a non-bailable and cognizable offence, or any proclaimed offender, and, without unnecessary delay, but within six hours from such arrest, shall make over or cause to be made over any person so arrested to a police officer, or, in the absence of a police officer, take such person or cause him to be taken in custody to the nearest police station.	Without unnecessary delay and within 06 hours of such arrest	Police
11.	Section 105	Recording of search and seizure through audiovideo electronic means. The process of conducting search of a place or taking possession of any property, article or thing under this Chapter or under section 185, including preparation of the list of all things seized in the course of such search and seizure and signing of such list by witnesses, shall be recorded through any audio-video electronic means preferably mobile phone and the police officer shall without delay forward such recording to the District Magistrate, Sub-divisional Magistrate or Judicial Magistrate of the first class.	Without any delay	Police

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
12.	Section 172 (2)	Persons bound to conform to lawful directions of police. (2) A police officer may detain or remove any person resisting, refusing, ignoring or disregarding to conform to any direction given by him under sub-section (1) and may either take such person before a Magistrate or, in petty cases, release him as soon as possible within a period of twenty-four hours.	Within 24 hours	Police
13.	Section 173 (1)(ii)	Information in cognizable cases. (1) Every information relating to the commission of a cognizable offence, irrespective of the area where the offence is committed, may be given orally or by electronic communication to an officer in charge of a police station, and if given— (ii) by electronic communication, it shall be taken on record by him on being signed within three days by the person giving it, and the substance thereof shall be entered in a book to be kept by such officer in such form as the State Government may by rules prescribe in this behalf.	Within 03 days	Police
	Section 173(3)(i)	(3) Without prejudice to the provisions contained in section 175, on receipt of information relating to the commission of any cognizable offence, which is made punishable for three years or more but less than seven years, the officer in charge of the police station may with the prior permission from an officer not below the rank of Deputy Superintendent of Police, considering the nature and gravity of the offence,— (i) proceed to conduct preliminary enquiry to ascertain whether there exists a prima facie case for proceeding in the matter within a period of fourteen days.	Within 14 days	Police
14.	Section 174(1)(ii)	Information as to non- cognizable cases and investigation of such cases. (1) When information is given to an officer in charge of a police station of the commission within the limits of such station of a non-cognizable offence, he shall enter or cause to be entered the substance of the information in a book to be kept by such officer in such form as the State Government may by rules prescribe in this behalf, and,— (i) refer the informant to the Magistrate; (ii) forward the daily diary report of all such cases fortnightly to the Magistrate.	Fortnightly	Police
15.	Section 176 (2)	Procedure for investigation. (2) In each of the cases mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) of the first proviso to sub-section (1), the officer in charge of the police station shall state in his report the reasons for not fully complying with the requirements of that sub-section by him, and, forward the daily diary report fortnightly to the Magistrate and in the case mentioned in clause (b) of the said proviso, the officer shall also forthwith notify to the informant, if any, in such	Fortnightly	Police

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
		manner as may be prescribed by rules made by the State Government.		
16.	Section 184(1)	Medical examination of victim of rape. (1) Where, during the stage when an offence of committing rape or attempt to commit rape is under investigation, it is proposed to get the person of the woman with whom rape is alleged or attempted to have been committed or attempted, examined by a medical expert, such examination shall be conducted by a registered medical practitioner employed in a hospital run by the Government or a local authority and in the absence of such a practitioner, by any other registered medical practitioner, with the consent of such woman or of a person competent to give such consent on her behalf and such woman shall be sent to such registered medical practitioner within twenty-four hours from the time of receiving the information relating to the commission of such offence.	Within 24 hours	Police
17.	Section Search by police officer. (5) Copies of any record made under sub-section (1) or sub-section (3) shall forthwith, but not later than forty-eight hours, be sent to the nearest Magistrate empowered to take cognizance of the offence, and the owner or occupier of the place searched shall, on application, be furnished, free of cost, with a copy of the same by the Magistrate.		Forthwith, but not later than 48 hours	Police
18.	Section 187 (1) Procedure when investigation cannot be completed in twenty-four hours.—(1) Whenever any person is arrested and detained in custody, and it appears that the investigation cannot be completed within the period of twenty-four hours fixed by section 58, and there are grounds for believing that the accusation or information is well-founded, the officer in charge of the police station or the police officer making the investigation, if he is not below the rank of sub-inspector, shall forthwith transmit to the nearest Magistrate a copy of the entries in the diary hereinafter specified relating to the case, and shall at the same time forward the accused to such Magistrate.		Within 24 hours	Police
19.	Section 193(1)	Report of police officer on completion of investigation. (1) Every investigation shall be completed without unnecessary delay.	Without unnecessary delay	Police
	Section 193(2)	(2) The investigation in relation to an offence under sections 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 or under sections 4, 6, 8 or section 10 of the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012 shall be completed within two months from the date on which the information was recorded by the officer in charge of the police station.	Within 02 months	Police

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
	Section 193(3)(ii)	3(ii) the police officer shall, within a period of ninety days, inform the progress of the investigation by any means including through electronic communication to the informant or the victim;	Within 90 days	Police
	Section 193 (9) Proviso	Provided that further investigation during the trial may be conducted with the permission of the Court trying the case and the same shall be completed within a period of ninety days which may be extended with the permission of the Court.	Within 90 days subject to permission of court	Police
20.	Section 194(2)	Police to enquire and report on suicide, etc. (2) The report shall be signed by such police officer and other persons, or by so many of them as concur therein, and shall be forwarded to the District Magistrate or the Sub-divisional Magistrate within twenty-four hours.	Within 24 hours	Police
Cour	T			
21.	Section 87 (1) Section 107 (2)	Claims and objections to attachment. (1) If any claim is preferred to, or objection made to the attachment of, any property attached under section 85, within six months from the date of such attachment, by any person other than the proclaimed person, on the ground that the claimant or objector has an interest in such property, and that such interest is not liable to attachment under section 85, the claim or objection shall be inquired into, and may be allowed or disallowed in whole or in part: Provided that any claim preferred or objection made within the period allowed by this sub-section may, in the event of the death of the claimant or objector, be continued by his legal representative. Attachment, forfeiture or restoration of property. (2) If the Court or the Magistrate has reasons to believe, whether before or after taking evidence, that all or any of such properties are proceeds of crime, the Court or the Magistrate may issue a notice upon such person calling upon him to show cause within a period of fourteen days as to why an order of attachment shall not be	Within 06 months Within 14 days	Court
	Section 107 (4) proviso	made. Attachment, forfeiture or restoration of property. (4) The Court or the Magistrate may, after considering the explanation, if any, to the show-cause notice issued under sub-section (2) and the material fact available before such Court or Magistrate and after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard to such person or persons, may pass an order of attachment, in respect of those properties which are found to be the proceeds of crime. Provided that if such person does not appear before the Court or the Magistrate or represent his case before the Court or Magistrate within a period of fourteen days	Within a period of 14 days	Court

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
		specified in the show-cause notice, the Court or the Magistrate may proceed to pass the ex parte order.		
23.	Section 117 (2)	tion 117 Seizure or attachment of property. (2) Any order made under sub-section (1) shall have no effect unless the said order is confirmed by an order of the said Court, within a period of thirty days of its being made		Court
24.	Section 119 (1)	Notice of forfeiture of property.(1) If as a result of the inquiry, investigation or survey under section 116, the Court has reason to believe that all or any of such properties are proceeds of crime, it may serve a notice upon such person (hereinafter referred to as the person affected) calling upon him within a period of thirty days specified in the notice to indicate the source of	Within 30 days	Court
		income, earnings or assets, out of which or by means of which he has acquired such property, the evidence on which he relies and other relevant information and particulars, and to show cause why all or any of such properties, as the case may be, should not be declared to be proceeds of crime and forfeited to the Central Government.		
25.	Section 120 (1) proviso	Forfeiture of property in certain cases. Provided that if the person affected (and in a case where the person affected holds any property specified in the notice through any other person such other person also) does not appear before the Court or represent his case before it within a period of thirty days specified in the show-cause notice, the Court may proceed to record a finding under this sub-section ex parte on the basis of evidence available before it.	Within 30 days	Court
	Section 135 (6) proviso	Inquiry as to truth of information (6) The inquiry under this section shall be completed within a period of six months from the date of its commencement, and if such inquiry is not so completed, the proceedings under this Chapter shall, on the expiry of the said period, stand terminated unless, for special reasons to be recorded in writing, the Magistrate otherwise directs. Provided that where any person has been kept in detention pending such inquiry, the proceeding against that person, unless terminated earlier, shall stand terminated on the expiry of a period of six months of such detention.	Within 06 months	Court
27.	Section 144 (1) proviso	Order for maintenance of wives, children and parents.(1) If any person having sufficient means neglects or refuses to maintain— (a) his wife, unable to maintain herself; or (b) his legitimate or illegitimate child, whether married or not, unable to maintain itself; or (c) his legitimate or illegitimate child (not being a married daughter) who has attained majority, where such child is, by	Within 60 days	Court

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
		reason of any physical or mental abnormality or injury unable to maintain itself; or (d) his father or mother, unable to maintain himself or herself, a Magistrate of the first class may, upon proof of such neglect or refusal, order such person to make a monthly allowance for the maintenance of his wife or such child, father or mother, at such monthly rate as such Magistrate thinks fit and to pay the same to such person as the Magistrate may from time to time direct. Provided also that an application for the monthly allowance for the interim maintenance and expenses of proceeding under the second proviso shall, as far as possible, be disposed of within sixty days from the date of the service of notice of		
28.	Section 145 (2) proviso	Procedure. (2) All evidence in such proceedings shall be taken in the presence of the person against whom an order for payment of maintanance is proposed to be reade as when his	Within 03 months	Court
		maintenance is proposed to be made, or, when his personal attendance is dispensed with, in the presence of his advocate, and shall be recorded in the manner prescribed for summons-cases: Provided that if the Magistrate is satisfied that the person against whom an order for payment of maintenance is proposed to be made is wilfully avoiding service, or willfully neglecting to attend the Court, the Magistrate may proceed to hear and determine the case ex parte and any order so made may be set aside for good cause shown on an application made within three months from the date thereof subject to such terms including terms as to payment of costs to the opposite party as the Magistrate may think just and proper.		
29.	Section 187 (2)	Procedure when investigation cannot be completed in twenty-four hours.—(2) The Magistrate to whom an accused person is forwarded under this section may, irrespective of whether he has or has no jurisdiction to try the case, after taking into consideration whether such person has not been released on bail or his bail has been cancelled, authorise, from time to time, the detention of the accused in such custody as such Magistrate thinks fit, for a term not exceeding fifteen days in the whole, or in parts, at any time during the initial forty days or sixty days out of detention period of sixty days or ninety days, as the case may be, as provided in sub-section (3), and if he has no jurisdiction to try the case or commit it for trial, and considers further detention unnecessary, he may order the accused to be forwarded to a Magistrate having	60 Days or 90 days	Court
	Section 187 (9)	Procedure when investigation cannot be completed in twenty-four hours.—(9) If in any	Within 06 months or	Court

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
		case triable by a Magistrate as a summons-case, the investigation is not concluded within a period of six months from the date on which the accused was arrested, the Magistrate shall make an order stopping further investigation into the offence unless the officer making the investigation satisfies the Magistrate that for special reasons and in the interests of justice the continuation of the investigation beyond the period of six months is necessary.		concerned
30.	Section 222 (5)	Prosecution for defamation. (5) No Court of Session shall take cognizance of an offence under sub-section (2) unless the complaint is made within six months from the date on which the offence is alleged to have been committed.	Within 06 months	Court
31.	Section 230	Supply to accused of copy of police report and other documents. In any case where the proceeding has been instituted on a police report, the Magistrate shall without delay, and in no case beyond fourteen days from the date of production or appearance of the accused, furnish to the accused and the victim (if represented by an advocate) free of cost, a copy of each of the following:— (i) the police report; (ii) the first information report recorded under section 173; (iii) the statements recorded under sub-section (3) of section 180 of all persons whom the prosecution proposes to examine as its witnesses, excluding therefrom any part in regard to which a request for such exclusion has been made by the police officer under sub-section (7) of section 193; (iv) the confessions and statements, if any, recorded under section 183; (v) any other document or relevant extract thereof forwarded to the Magistrate with the police report under sub-section (6) of section 193:	Within 14 days	Court
32.	Section 232 proviso	Commitment of case to Court of Session when offence is triable exclusively by it. Provided that the proceedings under this section shall be completed within a period of ninety days from the date of taking cognizance, and such period may be extended by the Magistrate for a period not exceeding one hundred and eighty days for the reasons to be recorded in writing:	Within 90 days extendable to 180 days for reasons to be recorded.	Court
33.	Section 250(1)	Discharge. (1) The accused may prefer an application for discharge within a period of sixty days from the date of commitment of the case under section 232.	Within 60 days from the date of commitment	Court
34.	Section 251(1)(b)	Framing of charge. (1) If, after such consideration and hearing as aforesaid, the Judge is of opinion that there is ground for presuming that the accused has committed an offence which— (b) is exclusively triable by the Court, he shall frame in	Within 60 days from the date of first hearing	Court

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Departmen concerned
		writing a charge against the accused within a period of sixty days from the date of first hearing on charge.		concerned
35.	Section 258(1)	Judgment of acquittal or conviction. (1) After hearing arguments and points of law (if any), the Judge shall give a judgment in the case, as soon as possible, within a period of thirty days from the date of completion of arguments, which may be extended to a period of forty-five days for reasons to be recorded in writing.	As soon as possible Within 45 days from argument extendable upto 45 days with reasons	Court
36.	Section 262 (1)	When accused shall be discharged. (1) The accused may prefer an application for discharge within a period of sixty days from the date of supply of copies of documents under section 230.	Within 60 days	Court
37.	Section 263 (1)	Framing of charge. (1) If, upon such consideration, examination, if any, and hearing, the Magistrate is of opinion that there is ground for presuming that the accused has committed an offence triable under this Chapter, which such Magistrate is competent to try and which, in his opinion, could be adequately punished by him, he shall frame in writing a charge against the accused within a period of sixty days from the date of first hearing on charge.	Within 60 days from the date of first hearing on charge	Court
38.	Section 272	Absence of complainant.—When the proceedings have been instituted upon complaint, and on any day fixed for the hearing of the case, the complainant is absent, and the offence may be lawfully compounded or is not a cognizable offence, the Magistrate may after giving thirty days' time to the complainant to be present, in his discretion, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, at any time before the charge has been framed, discharge the accused.	30 days	Court
39.	Section 290(1)	Application for plea bargaining. (1) A person accused of an offence may file an application for plea bargaining within a period of thirty days from the date of framing of charge in the Court in which such offence is pending for trial.	Within 30 days	Court
	Section 290(4)(a)	(4) When the Public Prosecutor or the complainant of the case and the accused appear on the date fixed under sub-section (3), the Court shall examine the accused in camera, where the other party in the case shall not be present, to satisfy itself that the accused has filed the application voluntarily and where— (a) the Court is satisfied that the application has been filed by the accused voluntarily, it shall provide time, not exceeding sixty days, to the Public Prosecutor or the complainant of the case and the accused to work out a mutually satisfactory disposition of the case which may include giving to the victim by the accused the	Not exceeding 60 days	Court

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
		compensation and other expenses during the case and thereafter fix the date for further hearing of the case.		concerned
40.	Section 316 (4) proviso	Record of examination of accused. (4) It shall thereafter be signed by the accused and by the Magistrate or presiding Judge, who shall certify under his own hand that the examination was taken in his presence and hearing and that the record contains a full and true account of the statement made by the accused: Provided that where the accused is in custody and is examined through electronic communication, his signature shall be taken within seventy-two hours of such examination.	Within 72 hours	Court
41.	Section 330 (1)	No formal proof of certain documents. (1) Where any document is filed before any Court by the prosecution or the accused, the particulars of every such document shall be included in a list and the prosecution or the accused or the advocate for the prosecution or the accused, if any, shall be called upon to admit or deny the genuineness of each such document soon after supply of such documents and in no case later than thirty days after such supply:	Not later than 30 days after supply of documents	Court
42.	Section 346 (1) proviso	Power to postpone or adjourn proceedings. (1) In every inquiry or trial the proceedings shall be continued from day-to-day basis until all the witnesses in attendance have been examined, unless the Court finds the adjournment of the same beyond the following day to be necessary for reasons to be recorded: Provided that when the inquiry or trial relates to an offence under section 64, section 65, section 66, section 67, section 68, section 70 or section 71 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 (45 of 2023) the inquiry or trial shall be completed within a period of two months from the date of filing of the chargesheet.	Within 02 months	Court
43.	Section 356(1) proviso	Inquiry, trial or judgment in absentia of proclaimed offender. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Sanhita or in any other law for the time being in force, when a person declared as a proclaimed offender, whether or not charged jointly, has absconded to evade trial and there is no immediate prospect of arresting him, it shall be deemed to operate as a waiver of the right of such person to be present and tried in person, and the Court shall, after recording reasons in writing, in the interest of justice, proceed with the trial in the like manner and with like effect as if he was present, under this Sanhita and pronounce the judgment: Provided that the Court shall not commence the trial unless a	Within 90 days from the date of framing of charge	Court

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
		period of ninety days has lapsed from the date of framing of the charge.		
	356(2)(i)	 (2) The Court shall ensure that the following procedure has been complied with before proceeding under sub-section (1), namely:— (i) issuance of two consecutive warrants of arrest within the interval of at least thirty days; 	Execution of warrants within 30 days	Court
	356(2) (ii)	2(ii) publish in a national or local daily newspaper circulating in the place of his last known address of residence, requiring the proclaimed offender to appear before the Court for trial and informing him that in case he fails to appear within thirty days from the date of such publication, the trial shall commence in his absence;	Within 30 days times of appearance of accused	Court
44.	Section 392(1)	Judgment. (1) The judgment in every trial in any Criminal Court of original jurisdiction shall be pronounced in open Court by the presiding officer immediately after the termination of the trial or at some subsequent time not later than forty-five days of which notice shall be given to the parties or their advocates.	Not later than 45 days	Court
	Section 392 (4) Proviso	(4) Where the judgment is pronounced in the manner specified in clause (c) of sub-section (1), the whole judgment or a copy thereof shall be immediately made available for the perusal of the parties or their advocates free of cost: Provided that the Court shall, as far as practicable, upload the copy of the judgment on its portal within a period of seven days from the date of judgment.	Within 07 days	Court
45.	Section 415 (4)	Appeals from convictions. (4) When an appeal has been filed against a sentence passed under section 64, section 65, section 66, section 67, section 68, section 70 or section 71 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, the appeal shall be disposed of within a period of six months from the date of filing of such appeal.	Within 06 months	Court
46.	Section 418 (4)	Appeal by State Government against sentence. (4) When an appeal has been filed against a sentence passed under section 64, section 65, section 66, section 67, section 68, section 70 or section 71 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, the appeal shall be disposed of within a period of six months from the date of filing of such appeal.	Within 06 months	Court
47.	Section 478 (1) explanation	In what cases bail to be taken. Explanation.—Where a person is unable to give bail bond within a week of the date of his arrest, it shall be a sufficient ground for the officer or the Court to presume that he is an indigent person for the purposes of this proviso	Within a week	Court

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department concerned
48.	Section 497(2)	Order for custody and disposal of property pending trial in certain cases. (2) The Court or the Magistrate shall, within a period of fourteen days from the production of the property referred to in sub-section (1) before it, prepare a statement of such property containing its description in such form and manner as the State Government may, by rules, provide.	Within 14 days	Court
	Section 497(5)	(5) The Court or the Magistrate shall, within a period of thirty days after the statement has been prepared under sub-section (2) and the photograph or the videography has been taken under sub-section (3), order the disposal, destruction, confiscation or delivery of the property in the manner specified hereinafter.	Within 30 days	Court
49.	Section 499	Payment to innocent purchaser of money found on accused. When any person is convicted of any offence which includes, or amounts to, theft or receiving stolen property, and it is proved that any other person bought the stolen property from him without knowing or having reason to believe that the same was stolen, and that any money has on his arrest been taken out of the possession of the convicted person, the Court may, on the application of such purchaser and on the restitution of the stolen property to the person entitled to the possession thereof, order that out of such money a sum not exceeding the price paid by such purchaser be delivered to him within six months from the date of such order.	Within 60 days	Court
50.	Section 503 (2)	Procedure by police upon seizure of property. (2) If the person so entitled is known, the Magistrate may order the property to be delivered to him on such conditions (if any) as the Magistrate thinks fit and if such person is unknown, the Magistrate may detain it and shall, in such case, issue a proclamation specifying the articles of which such property consists, and requiring any person who may have a claim thereto, to appear before him and establish his claim within six months from the date of such proclamation.	Within 06 months	Court
51.	Section 504 (1)	Procedure where no claimant appears within six months. (1) If no person within such period establishes his claim to such property, and if the person in whose possession such property was found is unable to show that it was legally acquired by him, the Magistrate may by order direct that such property shall be at the disposal of the State Government and may be sold by that	Within 06 months	Court

Sr. No.	Relevant provision of BNSS, 2023	Details of provision	Timelines	Authority/ Department
		Government and the proceeds of such sale shall be dealt with in such manner as the State Government may, by rules, provide.		

perintendent, Jails & Judicial-I,

for Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Haryana,
Administration of Justice Department.

Endst. No. 2/23/2024-5JJ(I)

Dated Chandigarh the 0.01.2025

A copy is forwarded to the Director of Prosecution (General), Haryana, Panchkula with the request to direct all the new Law Officers to keep themselves abreast with the above timelines the Courts/authorities concerned in complying with the timelines in letter and spirit.

Superintendent, Jails & Judicial-I,

for Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Haryana,
Administration of Justice Department.